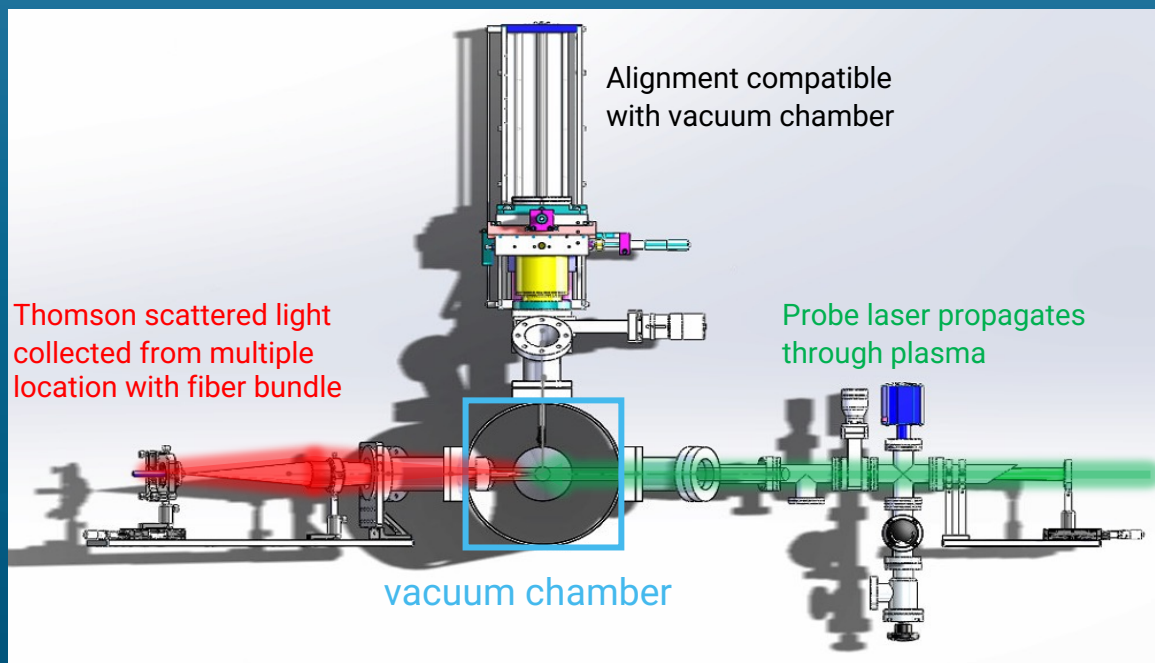


# A Portable Thomson Scattering System to Measure Plasma Density and Temperature



We use optical Thomson scattering to probe  $n_e$ ,  $T_e$ , or  $T_i$  at several locations along the plasma depending on the fusion concept team's interests. A 1.5-ns, 532-nm, 8-J laser is used as a probe, and scattered light spectrum is measured by two spectrometers coupled to ns-gated CMOS cameras.



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<b>Key Reference</b>	"Plasma Scattering of Electromagnetic Radiation" Froula, D. H., et al. Academic Press. 2011



Key Properties	
<b>Physical Property to be Measured</b>	Electron density ( $n_e$ ), electron temperature ( $T_e$ ), ion temperature ( $T_i$ ), and flow velocity
<b>Technique</b>	Spectrally resolved Thomson scattering of laser probe inside plasma
<b>Plasma parameter range</b>	$n_e > 10^{17} \text{cm}^{-3}$ and $T_e, T_i > 10 \text{ eV}$
<b>Time Resolution</b>	Nanosecond resolution
<b>Spatial Resolution</b>	up to 22 signals each from a localized volume ( $< \text{mm}^3$ ) inside plasma
<b>Spectral resolution</b>	0.09 nm for electron parameters and 0.03 nm for ion parameters
<b>Suitable for MCF, ICF, MIF?</b>	MIF and ICF
<b>Set-up time</b>	2-3 weeks
<b>Minimum time for a measurement</b>	2 weeks to first data
<b>Other characteristics</b>	Thomson scattering is the gold standard for plasma temperature and density measurements
<b>Requirements</b>	2 optical windows for laser input port and optical collection